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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCUNITED STA

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/493,677	01/28/2000	Kaoru Sato	43890-401	2531	
20277	7590 08/12/2004		EXAMINER		
MCDERMOTT WILL & EMERY LLP			LEO, LEONARD R		
600 13TH STREET, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005-3096			ART UNIT	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
			3753		

DATE MAILED: 08/12/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		7			
	09/493,677	SATO ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Leonard R. Leo	3753			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
Period for Reply	IS SET TO EVOIDE AMONTH	C) EDOM			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period with the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day: ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 No.	ovember 2003.				
,	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan					
closed in accordance with the practice under E.	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1,4-9,15,17,19-21,23 and 25-35 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	n from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) <u>1,4-9,15,17,19-21,23 and 25-35</u> is/are	rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement				
and dubject to rectinement and a					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the c Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex-	·				
,					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 	s have been received.				
Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage			
application from the International Bureau	· ·				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not receive	ed.			
Attachment(s)					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) 🔲 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>November 28, 2003</u> .	6) Other:	aton Application (F 10-192)			

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DETAILED ACTION

The amendment filed November 26, 2003 has been entered. Claims 1, 4-9, 15, 17, 19-21, 23 and 25-35 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 34-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 34-35 are indefinite, in that, the claims from which they ultimately depend recite "a plurality of pillar-type protrusions ... at a predetermined oblique angle against the heat receiving face." It is not clearly understood how the structure of claims 34-35 can be "parallel to the heat receiving face."

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 29 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Coe (3,220,471), Yu or North et al (Figures 2 and 4-5).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 5-6, 9, 15, 17, 19-21, 25, 27-28 and 30-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yu in view of Hinshaw.

Yu discloses all the claimed limitations except an uninterrupted fluid path in the direction of the column.

Hinshaw discloses a heat sink 10 comprising a plurality of first and second slits forming a plurality of pillar-type protrusions for the purpose of increasing the surface area to improve heat exchange and permitting omni-directional convective cooling (column 2, lines 51-56).

Since Yu and Hinshaw are both from the same field of endeavor and/or analogous art, the purpose disclosed by Hinshaw would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Yu.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to employ in Yu second slits forming a plurality of pillar-type protrusions for the purpose of increasing the surface area to improve heat exchange and permitting omnidirectional convective cooling as recognized by Hinshaw.

Regarding claims 20-21 and 27, Hinshaw discloses the convective cooling may be from on top of the heat sink.

Claims 1, 5-7, 9, 15, 17, 19, 28 and 30-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Coe (3,220,471) or North et al in view of Hinshaw.

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Coe ('471) or North et al discloses all the claimed limitations except an uninterrupted fluid path in the direction of column.

Hinshaw discloses a heat sink 10 comprising a plurality of first and second slits forming a plurality of pillar-type protrusions for the purpose of increasing the surface area to improve heat exchange and permitting omni-directional convective cooling (column 2, lines 51-56).

Since Coe ('471) or North et al and Hinshaw are both from the same field of endeavor and/or analogous art, the purpose disclosed by Hinshaw would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Coe ('471) or North et al.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to employ in Coe ('471) or North et al second slits forming a plurality of pillar-type protrusions for the purpose of increasing the surface area to improve heat exchange and permitting omni-directional convective cooling as recognized by Hinshaw.

Claims 1, 4-8, 9, 15, 17, 19, 23, 28 and 30-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over North et al in view of Hinshaw.

North et al discloses all the claimed limitations except an uninterrupted fluid path in the direction of column.

Hinshaw discloses a heat sink 10 comprising a plurality of first and second slits forming a plurality of pillar-type protrusions for the purpose of increasing the surface area to improve heat exchange and permitting omni-directional convective cooling (column 2, lines 51-56).

Since North et al and Hinshaw are both from the same field of endeavor and/or analogous art, the purpose disclosed by Hinshaw would have been recognized in the pertinent art of North et al.

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It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to employ in North et al second slits forming a plurality of pillar-type protrusions for the purpose of increasing the surface area to improve heat exchange and permitting omni-directional convective cooling as recognized by Hinshaw.

Regarding claims 4, 8 and 23, North discloses protrusions and/or recesses in Figure 1B.

Claims 4, 8 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yu in view of Hinshaw as applied to claims 1, 5-6, 9, 15, 17, 19-21, 25, 27-28 and 30-33 above or Coe (3,220,471) in view of Hinshaw as applied to claims 1, 5-7, 9, 15, 17, 19, 28 and 30-33 above, and further in view of Lin

The combined teachings of Yu and Hinshaw, or Coe (3,220,471) and Hinshaw discloses all the claimed limitations except protrusions and/or recesses on the pillar-type protrusions.

Lin discloses a cooling apparatus comprising a blower 30 mounted on heat sink 10 having a plurality of pillar-type protrusions 11 with protrusions and/or recesses for the purpose of increasing the surface area and turbulence to improve heat exchange.

Since Yu or Coe (3,220,471) and Lin are both from the same field of endeavor and/or analogous art, the purpose disclosed by Lin would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Yu or Coe (3,220,471).

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to employ in Yu or Coe (3,220,471) pillar-type protrusions with protrusions and/or recesses for the purpose of increasing the surface area and turbulence to improve heat exchange as recognized by Lin.

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Response to Arguments

The rejection in view of Coe (3,149,666) is withdrawn.

The double patenting rejection is withdrawn.

Applicants' arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The device of Coe (3,220,471), Yu or North et al discloses each and every claim limitation. The claims do not positively recite a heat sink in combination with a heat generating device, nor definite relationships between the claimed structures.

There appears to be no argument that the secondary reference of Hinshaw does not teach employing second slits forming a plurality of pillar-type protrusions for the purpose of increasing the surface area to improve heat exchange and permitting omni-directional convective cooling.

Again, applicants are reminded of their duty to disclose under 37 CFR § 1.56, which states in part:

Duty to disclose information material to patentability.

(a) A patent by its very nature is affected with a public interest. The public interest is best served, and the most effective patent examination occurs when, at the time an application is being examined, the Office is aware of and evaluates the teachings of all information material to patentability. Each individual associated with the filing and prosecution of a patent application has a duty of candor and good faith in dealing with the Office, which includes a duty to disclose to the Office all information known to that individual to be material to patentability as defined in this section. The duty to disclose information exists with respect to each pending claim until the claim is cancelled or withdrawn from consideration, or the application becomes abandoned.

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The Examiner acknowledges the Information Disclosure Statement filed on November 28, 2003.

The Examiner further requests any and all pertinent information from applicants, assignee and/or representatives with respect to any copending application. Applicants must acknowledge this request to avoid a Notice of Non-Responsive amendment.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry of a general nature, relating to the status of this application or clerical nature (i.e. missing or incomplete references, missing or incomplete Office actions or forms) should be directed to the Technology Center 3700 Customer Service whose telephone number is (703) 306-5648. Status of the application may also be obtained from the Internet: http://pair.uspto.gov/cgibin/final/home.pl

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Any inquiry concerning this Office action should be directed to Leonard R. Leo whose telephone number is (703) 308-2611.

Jeonal a Jeo LEONARD R. LEO PRIMARY EXAMINER ART UNIT 3753

August 9, 2004